I. Definitions

- 1. Write out the definition of a ellipse.
- 2. Write out the definition of a circle.
- 3. Write the general equation for an hyperbola with center (h, k) and foci (c, 0) and (-c, 0).
- II. Matching (Answers may be used more than once)

$$4. x^2 + y^2 = 9$$

A. Line

B. Hyperbola

$$6. \frac{x^2}{9} - \frac{y^2}{16} = 1$$

C. Ellipse

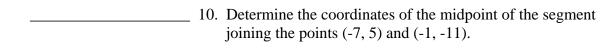
_____ 7.
$$x + y = 9$$

D. Circle

III. Short Answer

8. Determine the length of the segment joining (-2, 3) and (2, 9).

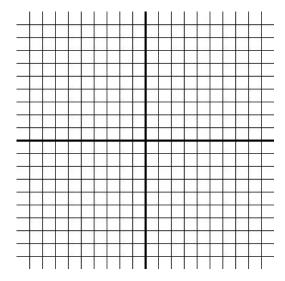
9. Determine the equation of the circle with center (-4, 1) and radius 4.



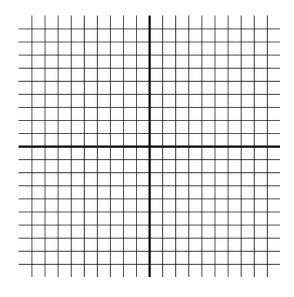
12. Determine the equation of an hyperbola whose vertices are
$$\left(0, 2\sqrt{5}\right)$$
 and $\left(0, -2\sqrt{5}\right)$, and whose foci are $\left(0, -3\sqrt{5}\right)$ and $\left(0, 3\sqrt{5}\right)$.

IV. Sketch each of the following on the axes provided:

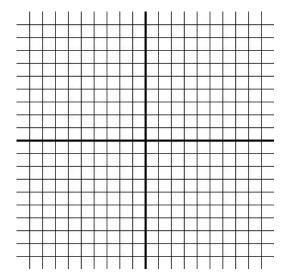
13.
$$(x+2)^2 + (y-4)^2 = 25$$



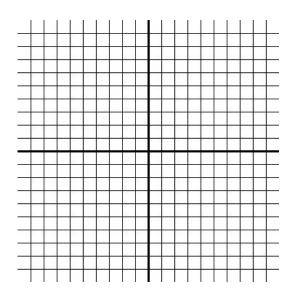
14.
$$9(x-2)^2 + 25y^2 = 144$$



15.
$$\frac{x^2}{16} - \frac{y^2}{25} = 1$$



16.
$$x^2 - 2x + y^2 - 6y = -1$$



V. Short Answer

17-20. Given the equation of the ellipse $x^2 + 9y^2 + 4x - 54y + 49 = 0$

Determine the following:

_____ 17. Coordinates of the Center

_____18. Coordinates of the Foci

_____ 19. Eccentricity

_____ 20. The equation of the ellipse in standard form