

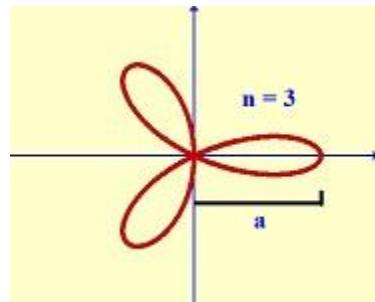
## Some Interesting Polar Curves

### I. Rose curves

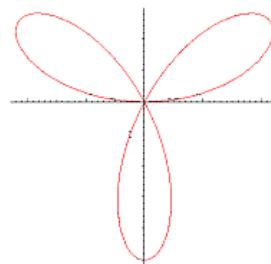
1. Equation:  $r = a \sin(n\theta)$  or  $r = a \cos(n\theta)$

2. Number of petals =  $\begin{cases} n & \text{if } n \text{ is an odd integer} \\ 2n & \text{if } n \text{ is an even integer} \end{cases}$

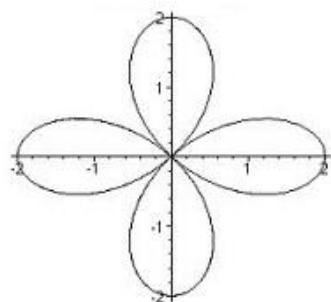
3. Examples:



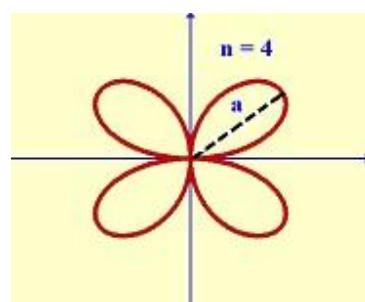
$$r = a \cos 3\theta$$



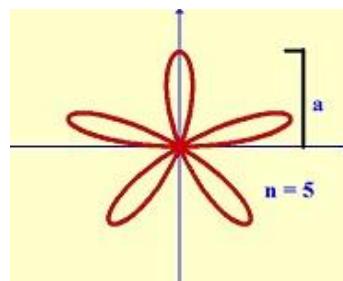
$$r = a \sin 3\theta$$



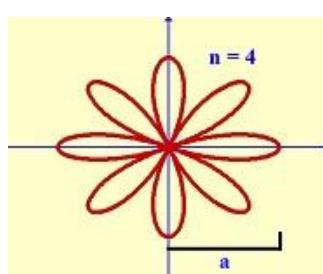
$$r = a \cos 2\theta$$



$$r = a \sin 2\theta$$



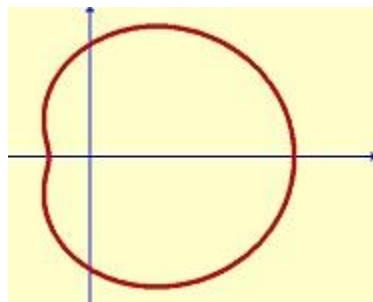
$$r = a \sin 5\theta$$



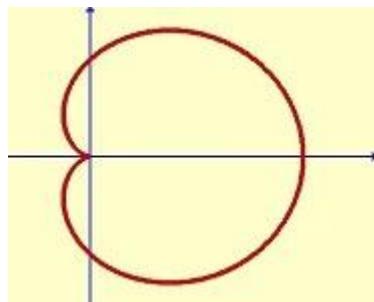
$$r = a \cos 4\theta$$

## II. Limaçons

1. Equation:  $r = a \pm b \sin \theta$  or  $r = a \pm b \cos \theta$
2. If  $a = b$ , Then it is a cardioid (heart-shape)
3. Examples:



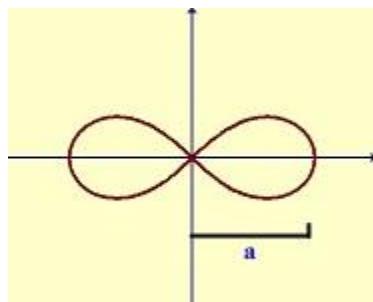
$$r = 3 + 2 \cos \theta$$



$$r = a + a \cos \theta$$

## III. Lemniscates

1. Equation:  $r^2 = a^2 \sin 2\theta$  or  $r^2 = a^2 \cos 2\theta$
2. Loci have the appearance of figure eights.
3. Example:

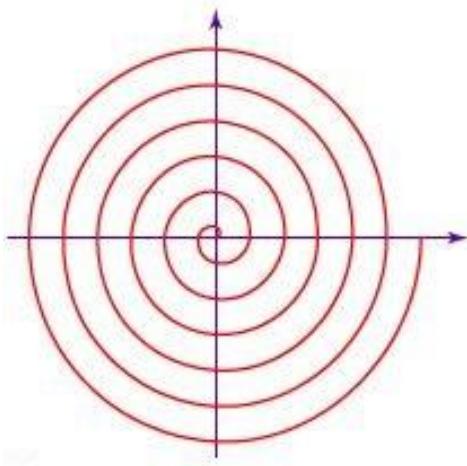


$$r^2 = a^2 \cos 2\theta$$

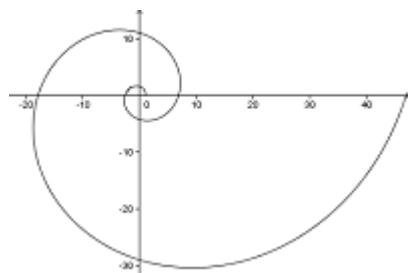
## IV. Spirals

1. Spiral of Archimedes  $r = k\theta$
2. Logarithmic Spiral  $\log_b r = \log_b a + k\theta$  or  $r = a \cdot b^{k\theta}$
3. Hyperbolic Spiral  $r\theta = a$

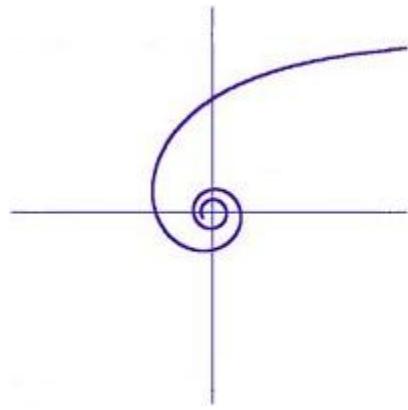
#### 4. Examples



$$r = k\theta$$



$$r = a + b \cos \theta$$



$$r\theta = k$$