

**I. Definitions**

1. Write the definition for a *function*.

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2. Write the general form of a *sinusoidal function*.

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3. Write the definition of the *cosine* function.

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4. Write the general equation for an *exponential function*.

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5. Write the definition of the *mode* of a set of data.

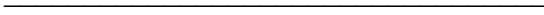
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6. What is the definition of the *period* of a trigonometric function?

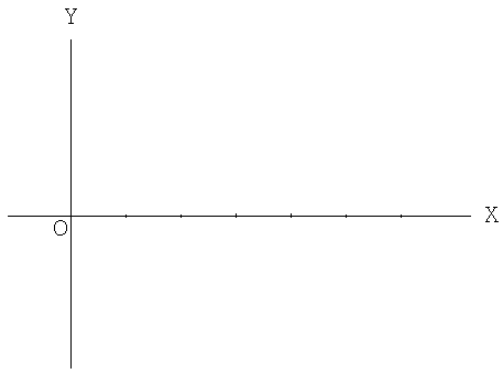
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**II. Sketch the graphs of each of the following in the spaces provided.**

7. A normal distribution.

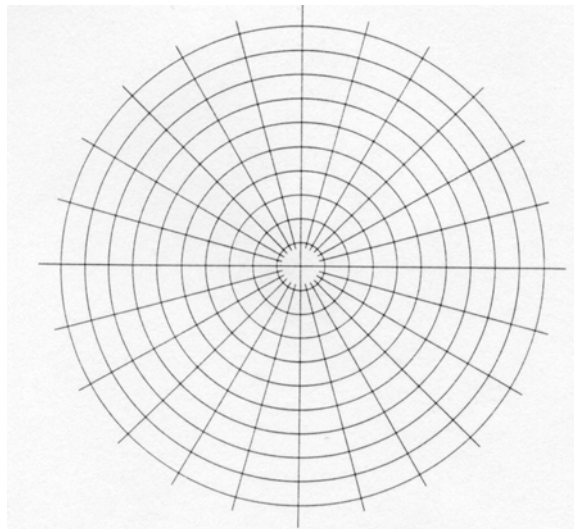


8. The cotangent function.

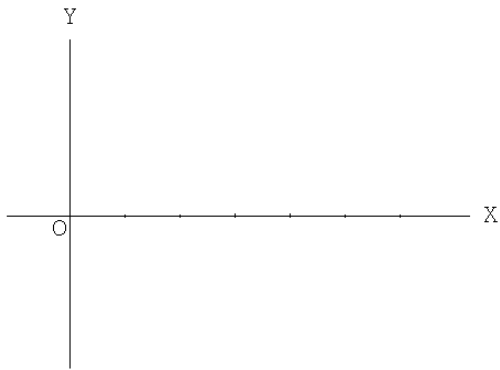


9. Graph the following points on the polar coordinate graph paper below:

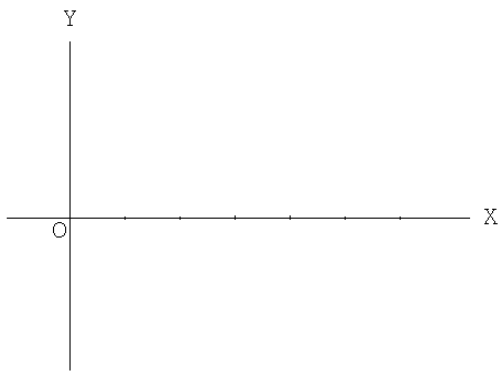
- A  $(7, 45^\circ)$
- B  $(-5, -300^\circ)$
- C  $(4, -30^\circ)$



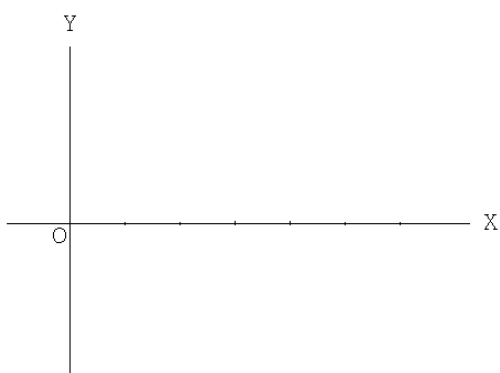
10. The secant function.



11.  $y = 3 \cos(2x)$



12.  $y = \text{Sin}^{-1}x$



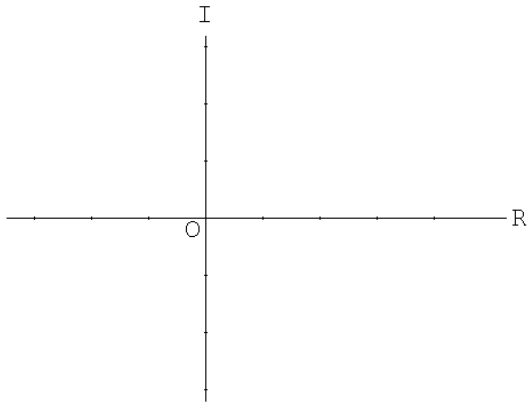
13. A rose curve with three petals.

14. Graph the following on the complex number plane:

(A)  $-2 + 4i$

(B)  $3 + 2i$

(C)  $1 - 3i$



**III. Different kinds of functions have different properties.**

15. State the trigonometric identity involving the squares of secants and tangents.

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16. State the double angle property for **sin (2x)**.

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17. State the property of the logarithm of the product of two numbers.

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18. State the *Law of Sines*.

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19. State the probability that event A occurs or that event B occurs.

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20. State *Heron's formula*.

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#### IV. Proofs are essential in mathematics.

21. Prove by *mathematical induction* that the sum of the first  $n$  positive odd integers is  $n^2$ .

$$\text{Prove: } 1 + 3 + 5 + \dots + (2n - 1) = n^2$$

22. Prove the following identity:

$$\cos^4 \theta - \sin^4 \theta = 1 - 2\sin^2 \theta$$

23. Prove the following identity:

$$\frac{\tan^2 x + 6 \tan x + 5}{\sec^2 x - 2} = \frac{\tan x + 5}{\tan x - 1}$$

23. Prove the following identity:

$$(1 + \sin \theta)(1 - \sin \theta) = \cos^2 \theta$$

**V. The word *inverse* is an important concept in mathematics.**

- \_\_\_\_\_ 24. Determine the additive inverse of 7.
- \_\_\_\_\_ 25. Determine the inverse function of  $y = 4x - 12$
- \_\_\_\_\_ 26. Determine the inverse tangent of  $-1$   
(that is, evaluate  $\text{Tan}^{-1}(-1)$ )

**VI. Multiple Choice**

- \_\_\_\_\_ 27. A geometric series has  $t_1 = 7$  and  $r = 3$ . Determine the value of the fifteenth term.
- (A) 472,969 (B) 14,348,907  
(C) 33,480,783 (D)  $1.0044 \times 10^8$
- \_\_\_\_\_ 28. The number 818 is a term in the arithmetic sequence 19, 36, 53, ... Which term is it?
- (A) 53 (B) 48 (C) 47 (D) 43
- \_\_\_\_\_ 29. The binomial  $(h - j)^{20}$  is expanded as a binomial series. The term with  $j^7$  is
- (A)  $-77520 h^{13} j^7$  (B)  $125970 h^{13} j^7$   
(C)  $77520 h^{13} j^7$  (D)  $-125970 h^{13} j^7$
- \_\_\_\_\_ 30. If  $\vec{a} = 8\vec{i} - 5\vec{j}$  and  $\vec{b} = 6\vec{i} + 7\vec{j}$ , determine  $\vec{a} + \vec{b}$  in terms of its components.
- (A)  $14\vec{i} + 2\vec{j}$  (B)  $14\vec{i} - 2\vec{j}$  (C)  $48\vec{i} - 35\vec{j}$   
(D)  $-2\vec{i} + 12\vec{j}$  (E) None of these
- \_\_\_\_\_ 31. Rewrite  $7 - 2i$  in trigonometric form (Polar form).
- (A)  $\sqrt{53}(\cos 344.1^\circ + i \sin 344.1^\circ)$  (B)  $3\sqrt{5}(\cos 344.1^\circ + i \sin 344.1^\circ)$   
(C)  $3\sqrt{5}(\cos 15.9^\circ + i \sin 15.9^\circ)$  (D)  $\sqrt{53}(\cos 15.9^\circ + i \sin 15.9^\circ)$   
(E) None of these
- \_\_\_\_\_ 32. A function having the **period  $\pi$**  is
- (A)  $y = \sin(2\theta)$  (B)  $y = \frac{1}{2}\sin(\theta)$   
(C)  $y = \sin(\frac{1}{2}\theta)$  (D)  $y = 2\sin(\theta)$

\_\_\_\_\_ 33. Simplify:  $\frac{1 - \sin^2 \theta}{\sin \theta} \cdot \frac{1}{\cos^2 \theta}$

- (A)  $\csc(\theta)$       (B)  $\sin(\theta)$       (C)  $\cot(\theta)$       (D)  $\cos^2 \theta$

\_\_\_\_\_ 34. If  $\cos \theta = -\frac{3}{5}$  and  $\tan \theta = -\frac{4}{3}$  then  $\sin \theta =$

- (A)  $\frac{3}{4}$       (B)  $\frac{4}{5}$       (C)  $-\frac{4}{5}$       (D)  $-\frac{3}{4}$

### VII. Short Answer

\_\_\_\_\_ 35. Solve for x:  $x = \sin^{-1}\left(\frac{\sqrt{2}}{2}\right)$

\_\_\_\_\_ 36. Solve for  $\theta$ :  $2 \cos^2 \theta - 5 \cos \theta + 2 = 0$  for  $0^\circ \leq \theta < 360^\circ$

\_\_\_\_\_ 37. Solve for  $\theta$ :  $2 \cos^2 \theta - 1 = 0$  for  $0^\circ \leq \theta < 360^\circ$

\_\_\_\_\_ 38. Convert  $\frac{8\pi}{15}$  radians to degrees.

\_\_\_\_\_ 39. Determine the value of  $\sec(-225^\circ)$

\_\_\_\_\_ 40. Which trigonometric functions are positive in the second quadrant?

\_\_\_\_\_ 41. In which quadrants is the cotangent negative?

\_\_\_\_\_ 42. A window is 23 feet above the ground. What angle will a 27-foot ladder make with the house when it is touched to the bottom of the window?

\_\_\_\_\_ 43. Determine the measure of the smallest angle in a 3-4-5 right triangle.

**VIII. Multiple Choice**

\_\_\_\_\_ 44. If  $\theta$  is an acute angle, express  $\sin \theta$  in terms of  $\cos \theta$ .

- (A)  $\sqrt{1 - \cos^2 \theta}$       (B)  $\sqrt{\cos^2 \theta - 1}$   
(C)  $1 - \cos \theta$       (D)  $1 - \cos^2 \theta$

\_\_\_\_\_ 45. If  $\sin(B) = \cos(B)$ , what is the measure of  $\angle B$  ?

- (A)  $\frac{\pi}{6}$       (B)  $\frac{\pi}{2}$       (C)  $\frac{\pi}{3}$       (D)  $\frac{\pi}{4}$

\_\_\_\_\_ 46. In  $\triangle ABC$ , side  $a = 3$  inches,  $\sin A = .1$ , and  $\sin B = .2$ ; what is the length of side  $b$  ?

- (A) 6      (B) .6      (C) 1.5      (D) 15

\_\_\_\_\_ 47. The expression  $\log \sqrt{xy}$  is equivalent to

- (A)  $2(\log x + \log y)$       (B)  $\frac{1}{2}(\log x \cdot \log y)$   
(C)  $\frac{1}{2}(\log x + \log y)$       (D)  $2 \log x \cdot \log y$

\_\_\_\_\_ 48. The inverse of  $y = \log_2 x$  is

- (A)  $y = x^2$       (B)  $y = 2^x$       (C)  $x = 2^y$       (D)  $x = y^2$

\_\_\_\_\_ 49. In  $\triangle ABC$ , if side  $a = 8$ , side  $b = 9$ , and side  $c = 10$ , what is the measure of  $\angle C$  ?

- (A)  $36.8^\circ$       (B)  $65.4^\circ$       (C)  $71.8^\circ$       (D)  $89.4^\circ$

\_\_\_\_\_ 50. Given  $\triangle ABC$  with side  $a = 91.6$  inches, side  $c = 24.19$  inches, and  $m\angle B = 37^\circ$ , Determine the area of the triangle.

- A) 1107.9 square inches      B) 1333.5 square inches  
C) 1769.6 square inches      D) 666.8 square inches  
E) None of these



\_\_\_\_\_ 51. In a baseball park, the distance from home plate to a point A in straightaway centerfield is 400 feet. Determine the distance from A to first base. (Straightaway centerfield is an extension of the line drawn from home plate through second base. The distance between consecutive bases is 90 feet).

- (A) 378 feet      (B) 66.2 feet      (C) 135 feet      (D) 342 feet

\_\_\_\_\_ 52. If  $\log_x \left(\frac{1}{4}\right) = 2$  then  $x =$

- (A) 2      (B) -2      (C)  $\frac{1}{2}$       (D)  $-\frac{1}{2}$

\_\_\_\_\_ 53. Determine the value of  $i^{352}$

- (A) -1      (B) -i      (C) i      (D) 1

\_\_\_\_\_ 54. Determine the resultant of the two given displacements below:

8 units at a bearing of  $90^\circ$  followed by 6 units along a bearing of  $210^\circ$

- (A) 7.2 units at a bearing of  $136^\circ$   
(B) 51.9 units at a bearing of  $46^\circ$   
(C) 7.2 units at a bearing of  $46^\circ$   
(D) Can not be determined  
(E) None of the above

\_\_\_\_\_ 55. Simplify  $\frac{2}{3-i}$

- (A)  $\frac{3+i}{2}$       (B)  $\frac{6-2i}{3-i}$       (C)  $\frac{3+i}{5}$       (D)  $\frac{3+i}{4}$

\_\_\_\_\_ 56. In  $\triangle PEG$ ,  $p = 6$  cm,  $e = 7$  cm, and  $g = 11$  cm. Then  $m\angle G =$   
A)  $115.3^\circ$       B)  $98.6^\circ$       C)  $64.7^\circ$       D)  $18.27^\circ$   
E) Not possible (no such triangle)

\_\_\_\_\_ 57. Compute the number of combinations of 8 items taken 3 at a time.

- (A) 336      (B) 56      (C) 40,320      (D) 6

## IX. Problems (Short Answer)

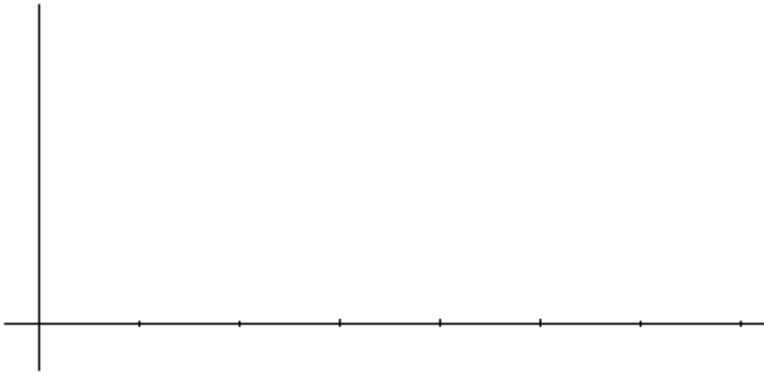
- \_\_\_\_\_ 58. Compute  ${}_5P_3$
- \_\_\_\_\_ 59. If a card is drawn at random from a standard deck of cards, calculate the probability of drawing an ace.
- \_\_\_\_\_ 60. In how many ways could you arrange 4 books on a shelf if there are 10 books from which to choose?
- \_\_\_\_\_ 61. There are 8 boys and 4 girls on the Handley golf team. The coach selects a group of 5 at random. What is the probability that the group consists of 3 boys and 3 girls?
- 62 – 64. Handley's Softball team, Boys' Track team, and Girls' Tennis team all play on Saturday. The probability that the track team will win is 0.6; the probability that the softball team will win is 0.5; and the probability that the tennis team will win is 0.8.
- \_\_\_\_\_ 62. What is the probability that all three will win?
- \_\_\_\_\_ 63. What is the probability that all three will lose?
- \_\_\_\_\_ 64. What is the probability that all at least one of them will win?
- \_\_\_\_\_ 65. On the mall at Apple Blossom, you were stunned to find your Precalculus teacher operating a table with the following game:  
You pay \$1.00 and then pick a card at random from a standard deck of 52 cards.  
If the card is an ace, you win \$4.00.  
If the card is a face card, you win \$2.00.  
If the card is anything else, you win nothing.  
What is your mathematical expectation?
- \_\_\_\_\_ 66. Mr. P has 5 sport jackets, 5 pairs of trousers, and 320 hideous ties. How many different outfits (1 tie, 1 jacket, and 1 pair of pants) could he choose from if he selects a jacket, a tie, and a pair of pants at random?

\_\_\_\_\_ 67. Winchester's favorite *Elvis* restaurant, *Red, Hot, and Blue*, offers three types of ribs (*Sweet Ribs, Dry Ribs, and Wet Ribs*) and four Memphis-style sandwiches (*Pulled Pork, Pulled Chicken, Beef Brisket, and Ribwich Combo*). In how many different ways can you select one of the Ribs meals **OR** one of the sandwiches?

68 – 73. Given the following data:

<u>x</u>	<u>Frequency</u>
3	9
4	8
5	6
6	3
7	4

(histogram) 68. Plot a histogram of the frequency distribution.



\_\_\_\_\_ 69. Determine the **mean** for the set of data.

\_\_\_\_\_ 70. Determine the **median** for the set of data.

\_\_\_\_\_ 71. Determine the **mode** for the set of data.

\_\_\_\_\_ 72. Determine the **variance** for the set of data.

\_\_\_\_\_ 73. Determine the **standard deviation** for the set of data.

74 – 77. In 2001, 1,276,320 students took the SAT. The mean for the math SAT was 514 with a standard deviation of 113. Suppose that Matt E. Matics made a score of 640.

\_\_\_\_\_ 74. How many standard deviations is Matt's score above the mean?

\_\_\_\_\_ 75. What percent of the students made below Matt's score of 640?

\_\_\_\_\_ 76. How many of the 1,276,320 students scored higher than Matt?

\_\_\_\_\_ 77. What percent of the students scored between 490 and 700 ?

\_\_\_\_\_ 78. Transform the following to Cartesian coordinates and simplify.

$$r = 2 \sin \theta$$

\_\_\_\_\_ 79. Transform the following to polar coordinates:

$$y = x^2$$

\_\_\_\_\_ 80. Transform the parametric equations to a Cartesian equation by eliminating the parameter.

$$\begin{aligned}x &= 2t - 1 \\y &= 3t + 1\end{aligned}$$